

Pilot Project - Atmospheric Precipitation -Protection and efficient use of Fresh Water: Integration of Natural Water Retention Measures in River basin management

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Flood risk source apportionment and preventative programs of measures in the Lielupe river basin, Latvia

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About the Lielupe river basin

- Among 40 international basins in Europe (5 such size basins in Europe)
- One of 4 international basin districts in Latvia and Lithuania
- Shared almost equally between two countries: LV - 8849 km²; LT - 8949 km²
- Almost 840 000 inhabitants: 58% LT, 42% LV







Legal framework for planning flood risk prevention

- > Law on Water Management, 2002
 - Regulations on initial flood risk assessment and flood risk management planning, December, 2009
- Law on Protection Belts, 1997
 - Concept of protection belt around water bodies;
 - Definition of floodplains
 - Requirement of the delineation in local spatial plans as water body protection belt
 - ➤ Building is not allowed in any floodplain since 2008 (but 2002-2008 the building was restricted in zone of the flood risk of <100 years)
- Law on Spatial Development Planning
 - Practical tool for implementing flood risk prevention
- Nature protection legislation—flood plain as habitat

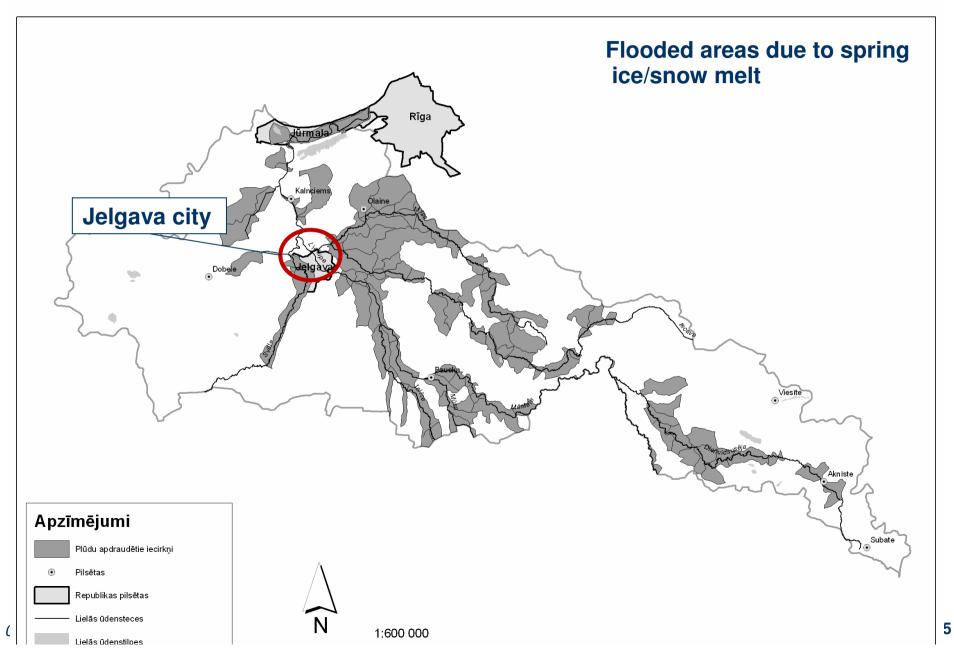


Flood risk prevention and management programme, 2008-2015

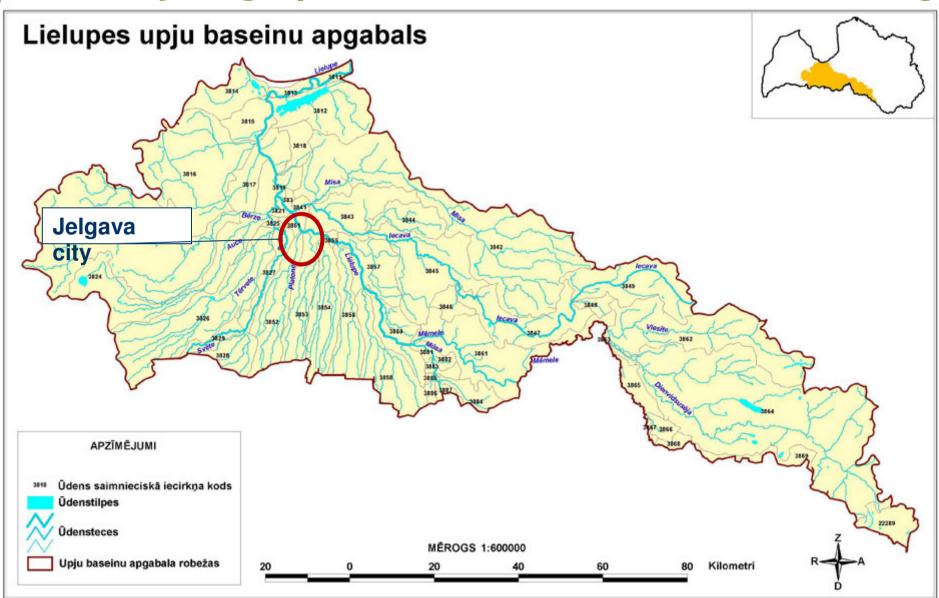
- > The first national programme, developed before the national regulations were adopted
 - > to identify the priority flood risk areas
 - flood plains natural areas
 - artificially managed areas such as polders or HPP
 - > storm surges in coastal areas
 - to plan flood protection measures
- > River basin district a scale for the assessment and management, very rough results
- One of the key conclusions- need more detailed information/investigations on the flood risk areas
- > Identified needs for investment programme 2007-2013
 - renovation of the existing dams and flood-gates
 - dredging of river beds



Flood risk areas in the Lielupe basin due to natural character of river flow



Dense hydrographical network - sources of flooding





Deliniation of the water protection belt

- > In rural areas of the river Lielupe not less than 300m;
- > Smaller rivers, depending on the length:
 - > 10 km − 10 m
 - > 10-25 km − 50 m
 - > 25-100 km 100m

>In urban (settlement) areas

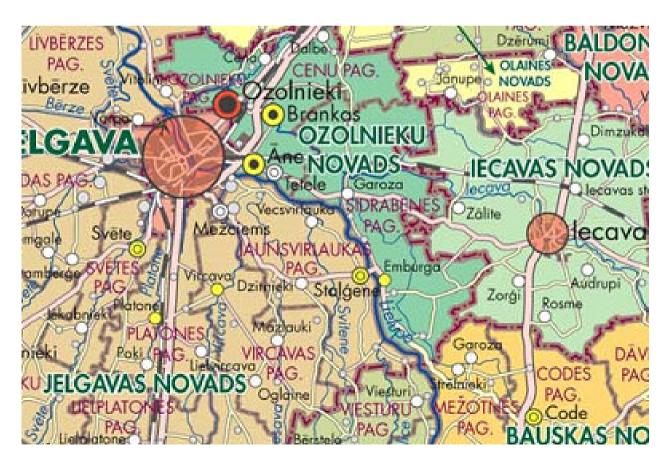
- Not less than 10m;
- Entire floodplain area (area which is flooded fully or partially) or up the barrier (dam, road) after which the area can not be flooded. Frequency of flooding events is not set.

Areas have to be delineated in local spatial plans



Local spatial plans

- > Jelgava city spatial plan 2009-2021
- > Jelgava county spatial plan 2011-2023
- > Ozolnieki county spatial plan 2006-2018



Floodplain zone in Jelgava city

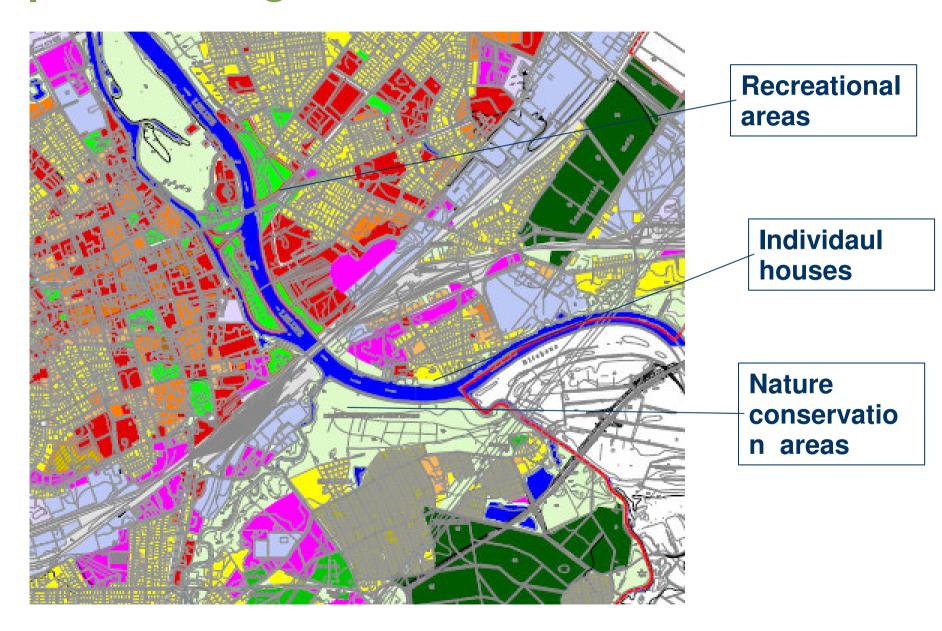


34% of terittory is in flood risk zone

High groundwater levels



Spatial zoning





Programme of measures

- > renovation and to build new infrastructure in the city, thus reducing the flood risks
- renovation of the flood-gates of polders, channels;
- dredging the river beds;
- building a new protection dam;
- >TOTAL budget: c.a. 10 mill. EUR (2014-2015)