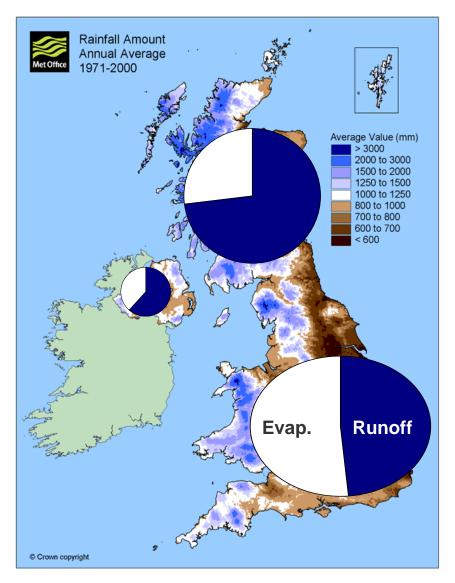
Natural Flood Management in Scotland

Dr Roy Richardson
Principal Policy Officer
Scottish Environment Protection Agency



Rainfall Distribution

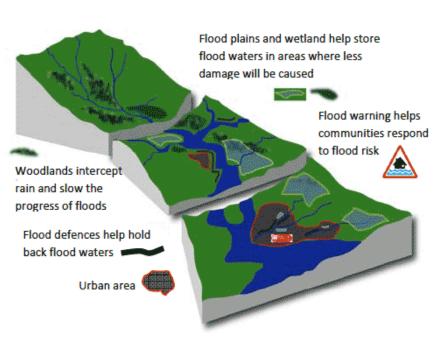


	Average	Run Off
	Rainfall	Volume
	Depth	(Km ³⁾
	(mm)	
Scotland	1435	83
Northern Ireland	1060	9
England & Wales	895	66





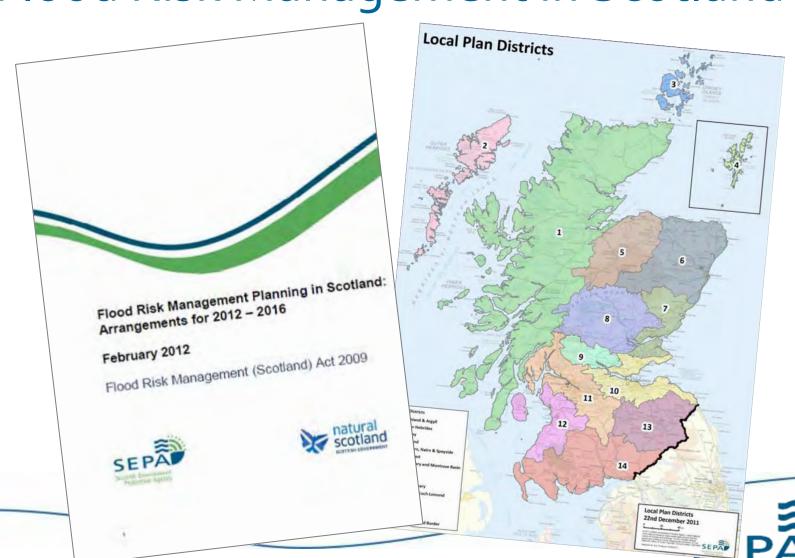
Flood Risk Management



- plan-led
- risk-based
- catchment approach
- integrated across all sources
- considers all actions
- collaboration between SEPA, local authorities and Scottish Water



Flood Risk Management in Scotland



Scottish Environment Protection Agency

1. Define the problem *Mapping and assessments*

5. Prioritise Measures
Agreement with funding bodies

2. Set Objectives
Avoid, Protect, Prepare

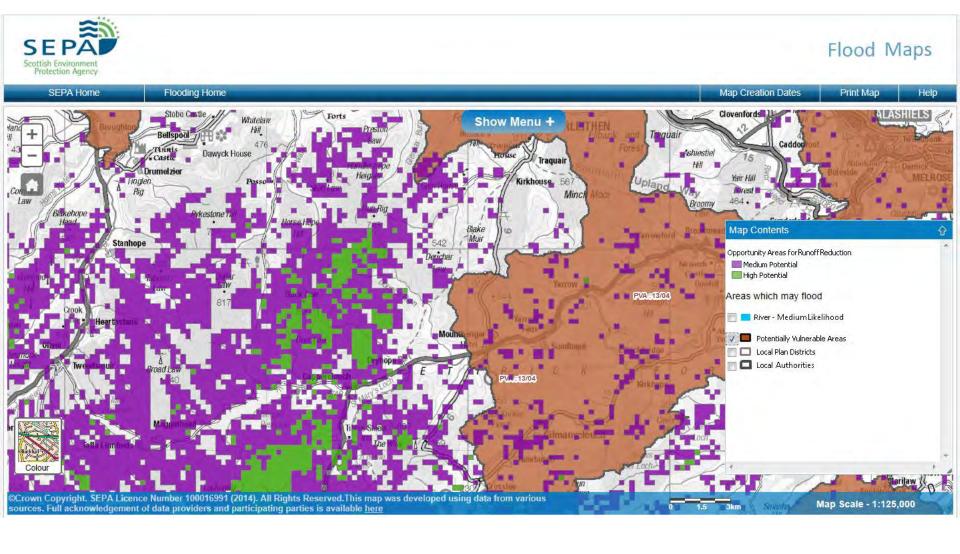
4. Appraisal of Measures
Costs and Benefits

3. Identify Measures What's practical and feasible?

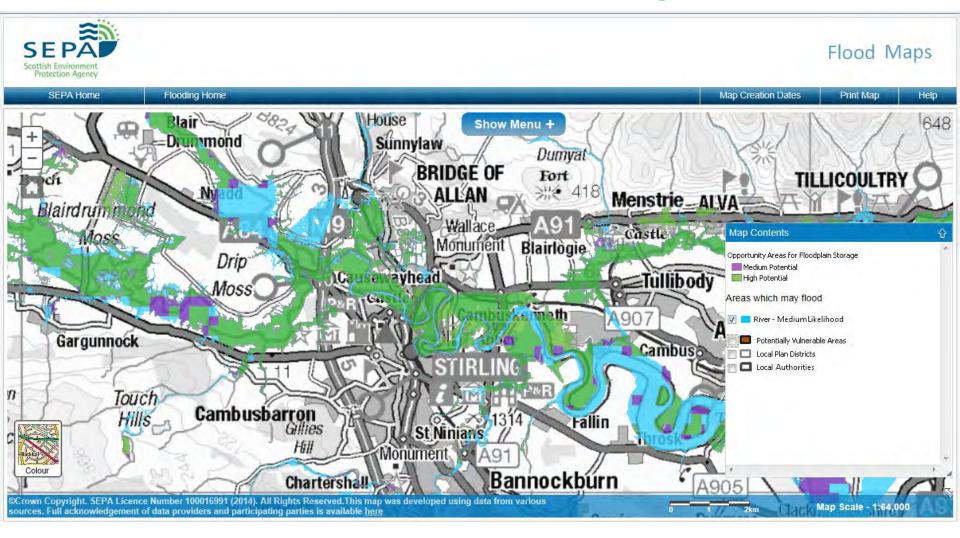
New Flood Maps



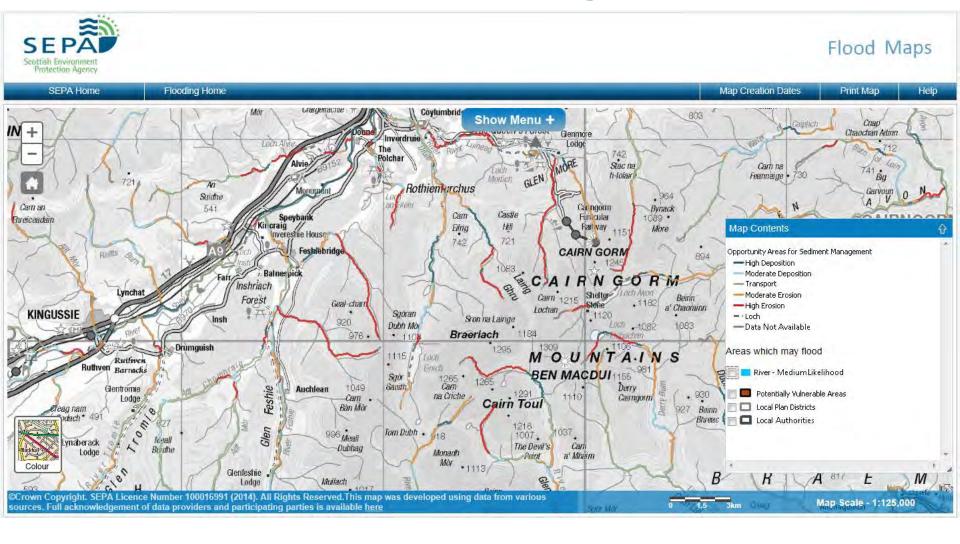
Runoff Reduction



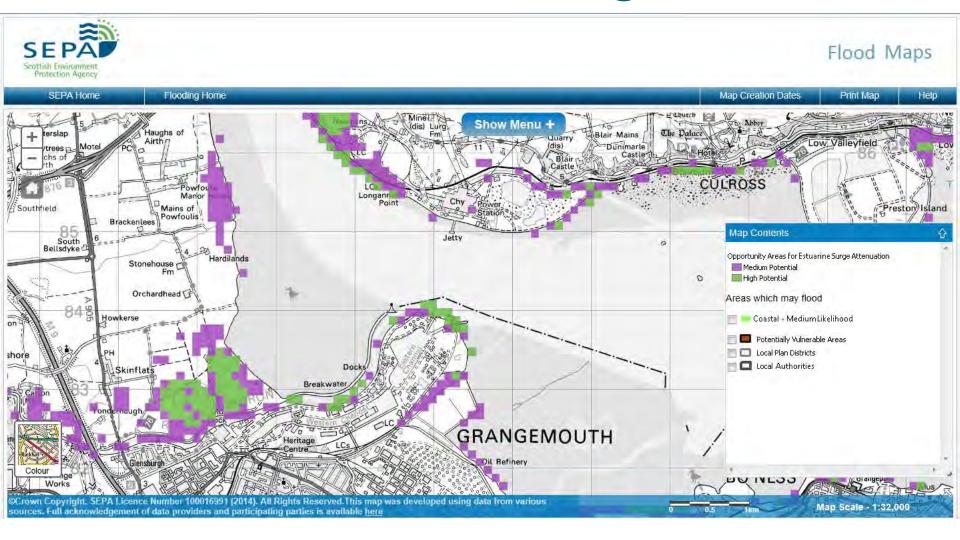
Floodplain Storage



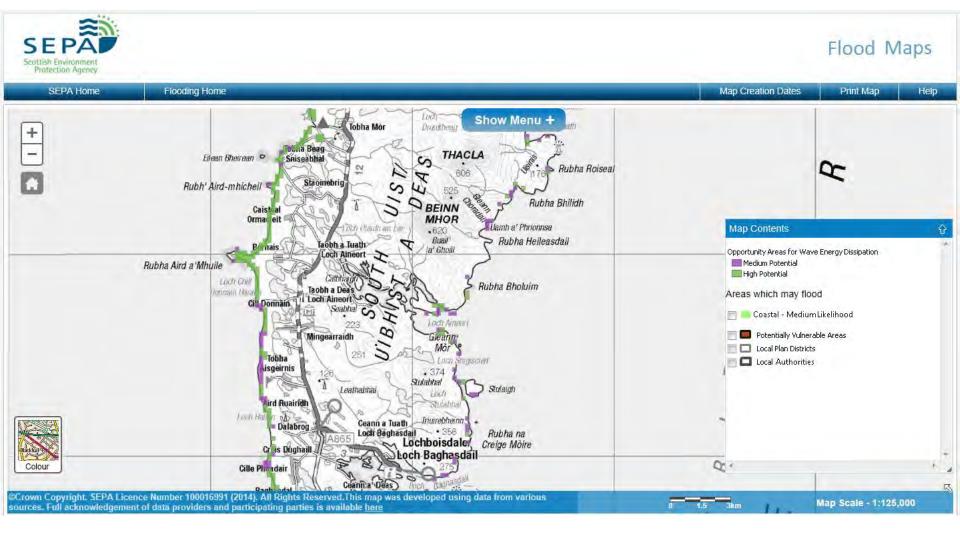
Sediment Management



Estuarine Surge



Wave Energy Dissipation



NFM Measures



Links to WFD

- Priorities for 2nd RBMPs in Scotland, include;
 - Diffuse Agricultural Pollution
 - Hydro-morphology
- 4 Restoration/NFM Pilot Catchments
 - River Nith, Dee, South Esk & Glazert Water
- 14 Diffuse Pollution Priority Catchments
- Water Environment Fund



Other Work

- SEPA NFM Handbook 2014
 - summary of measures, engagement, step-bystep guide
- CREW project CRW2012/6 "LAND MANAGEMENT FOR INCREASED FLOOD RESILIENCE"
- EA/Defra Projects including "Working with Natural Processes" RnD programme



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